

雲林縣環境保護局計畫成果中英文摘要(簡要版)

一、中文計畫名稱：

103 年度露天燃燒管制暨空氣污染案件快速查核計畫

二、英文計畫名稱：

2014 Rapid Review Program for Open Burning & Air Pollution Case

三、計畫編號：

YLEPB-103-005

四、執行單位：

華門工程顧問股份有限公司

五、計畫主持人：

許仲景

六、執行開始時間：

103/03/01

七、執行結束時間：

104/02/28

八、報告完成日期：

104/05/06

九、報告總頁數：

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十、使用語文：

中文、英文

十一、報告電子檔名稱：

103 年度露天燃燒管制暨空氣污染案件快速查核計畫.DOC

十二、 報告電子檔格式：

WORD 2010

十三、 中文摘要關鍵字：

公害陳情、降低陳情、露天燃燒

十四、 英文摘要關鍵字：

Public Nuisance Petition, Reduce Petition Case, Open Burning

十五、 中文摘要：

環境是民眾生存的根本，由於社會經濟情況邁向穩定成熟，生產製造、消費、廢氣等活動造成之環境負荷自然增大，對於人口密集、工廠林立、機動車輛大增、垃圾成果、家禽畜飼養數增多等所增加的環境污染問題之處理也更行棘手。民眾生活水準提昇，環保意識抬頭對於以往生活周遭影響生活品質之污染、公害問題不再漠視與容忍，故公害陳情案件有越來越多的趨勢。依據環保署發佈 103 年公害陳情案件統計資料顯示，全國陳情案件受理件數達 249,784 件，其中噪音、異味污染及環境衛生問題，是 103 年為數最多的陳情類別，此三類總合佔全國八成以上，特別是都會區住商混合、商業發達，引發最多來自民眾的公害污染陳情。有鑑於此，為了減少公害污染的發生，政府制定各項法令，強化各項污染防治技術，並透過公害陳情處理，協助民眾解決所遭遇之公害污染問題。

本縣每年接獲民眾之陳情案件於 3,800 件，除依程序妥善處理外，並訂定相關規定及建立電腦管理系統。為加強對民眾陳情案件之處理及提升陳情處理效率，而執行『103 年度露天燃燒管制暨空氣污染案件快速查核計畫』，辦理 24 小時全時段陳情案件現場處理、追蹤複查。

本計畫執行期間統計 103 年 1 月 1 日至 104 年 02 月 28 日止共計查處 4,602 件陳情案件，包括空氣污染之異味污染 2,037 件、空氣污染不包含異味污染 332

件、環境衛生 1,124 件、噪音污染 525 件、水污染 284 件及廢棄物 234 件、土壤污染 11 件、毒化物性化學物質 6 件、其他 49 件，平均處理時效為 0.27 日。

配合民眾陳情案件稽查採樣，針對 31 處執行採樣 37 點次。舉辦一場 103 年度陳情案件稽查業務檢討會。編制 102 年度雲林縣公害陳情案件處理白皮書。另為加強計畫人員之職能專業素能及服務態度，辦理 2 場次環保教育訓練。

十六、 英文摘要：

Environment is the fundamental base of people survive; due to reason that the socio-economic situation goes toward a stable maturity that the environmental impact of manufacturing, production, consumption, exhaust and other activities increased naturally, resulting in more difficulty of handling issues pertaining to environmental population including but not limited to population density, full of factory, increment of motor vehicles, caused garbage, larger number of poultry raised currently. . Improved people living standard and rise of environmental awareness suspending ignore and tolerance of the impact of pollution on quality of life and public pollution issues; hence, there become more and more petition cases nowadays. According to the statistics of EPA issued 2014 nuisance case petitioned, the number of accepted case throughout the country reached 249,784 pieces, wherein noise, odor pollution and environmental health issues constituted a majority of categories in 2014, which accounted for more than eighty percents, especially those petitioned for mixed residential and commercial area, commercial prosperity causing the most petitioned ones for pollution hazards. Viewed in this point, in order to minimize nuisance, the government has formulated a variety of laws to strengthen pollution control technology, and

help people solve all issues suffered through public nuisance petition process.

The county received 3,800 cases of petition from the republic annually; in addition to normal procedure of treatment, the country also has stipulated related regulations and built computer management system. In order to strengthen and improve efficiency of handling these cases, the county has conducted "2014 Rapid Review Program for Open Burning & Air Pollution Case" at 24 hours a day for field treatment and follow-up as well as review.

The statistics during the program was executed from January 1 of 2013 to February 28 of 2015 showed that a total of 4,602 petition cases were reviewed, which including 2,037 cases of odor pollution among air pollution, 332 cases of air pollution excluding odor pollution, 1,124 cases of environmental sanitation, 525 cases of noise pollution, 284 cases of water pollution and 234 cases of wastes, 11 cases of soil pollution, 6 cases of toxic chemical substance and other 49 cases, where the average processing time efficiency was 0.27 days.

The County also cooperated with sampling inspection on public petition cases that for a total of 37 points sampled in 31 places. In addition, the County organized 2014 Annual Review Meeting of Audit Business on Petition Case, and prepared 2013 Yunlin County White Paper on the Treatment of annual cases of public nuisance petitions. Besides, the county also held two sessions of environmental educational trainings to strengthen the professional function and service attitude of planners.